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(54) **PORTABLE ELECTRONIC DEVICE WITH
INTERNAL SPEAKER**

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CPC **H04R 1/2803** (2013.01); **H04R 2499/11**
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See application file for complete search history.

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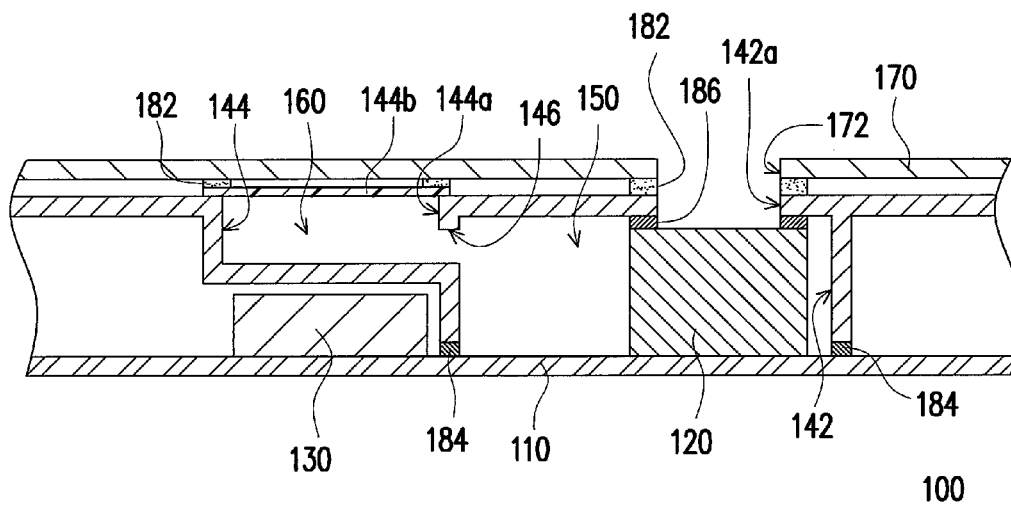
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A portable electronic device including a circuit board, a speaker, an electronic component and an inner casing is provided. The speaker is disposed on the circuit board. The electronic component is disposed on the circuit board and right next to the speaker. The circuit board is disposed in the inner casing including a main cavity, an extended cavity and a channel. The main cavity is connected to the circuit board to define an acoustic chamber for containing the speaker. The main cavity having a first opening. The speaker is connected to the first opening and a part of the speaker is exposed by the first opening. The extended cavity is connected to the main cavity and located above the electronic component. The channel connects the main cavity and the extended cavity, and the extended cavity communicates with the main cavity through the channel.

13 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



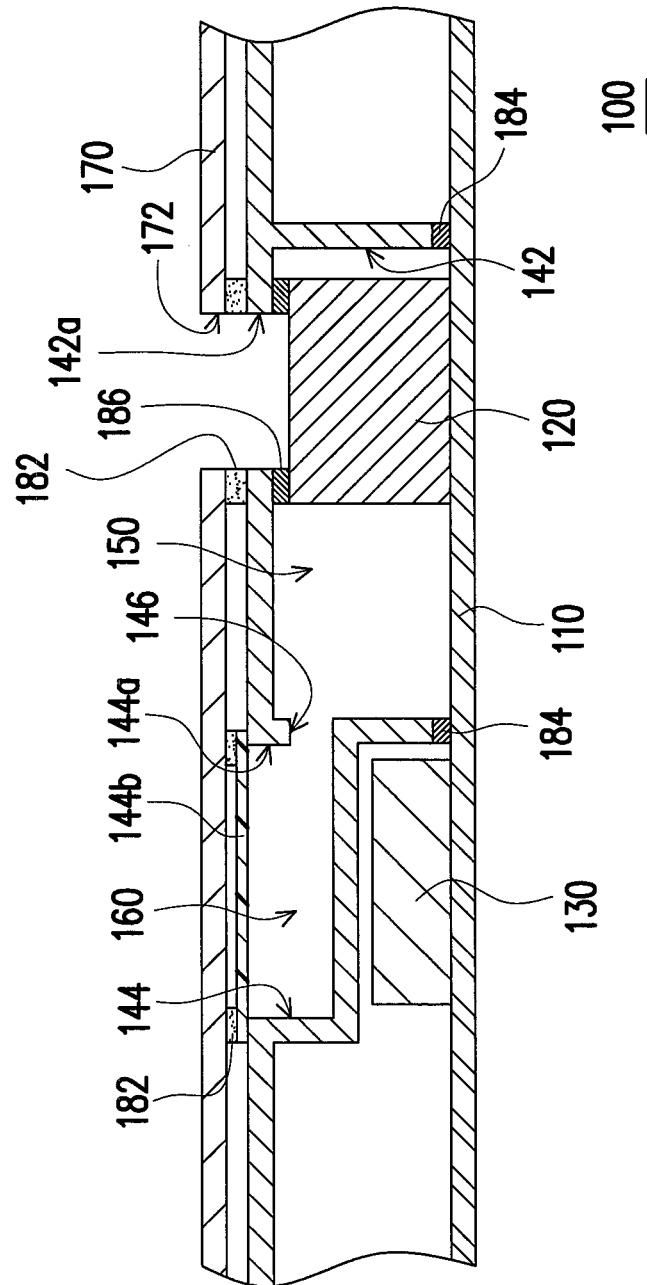


FIG. 1

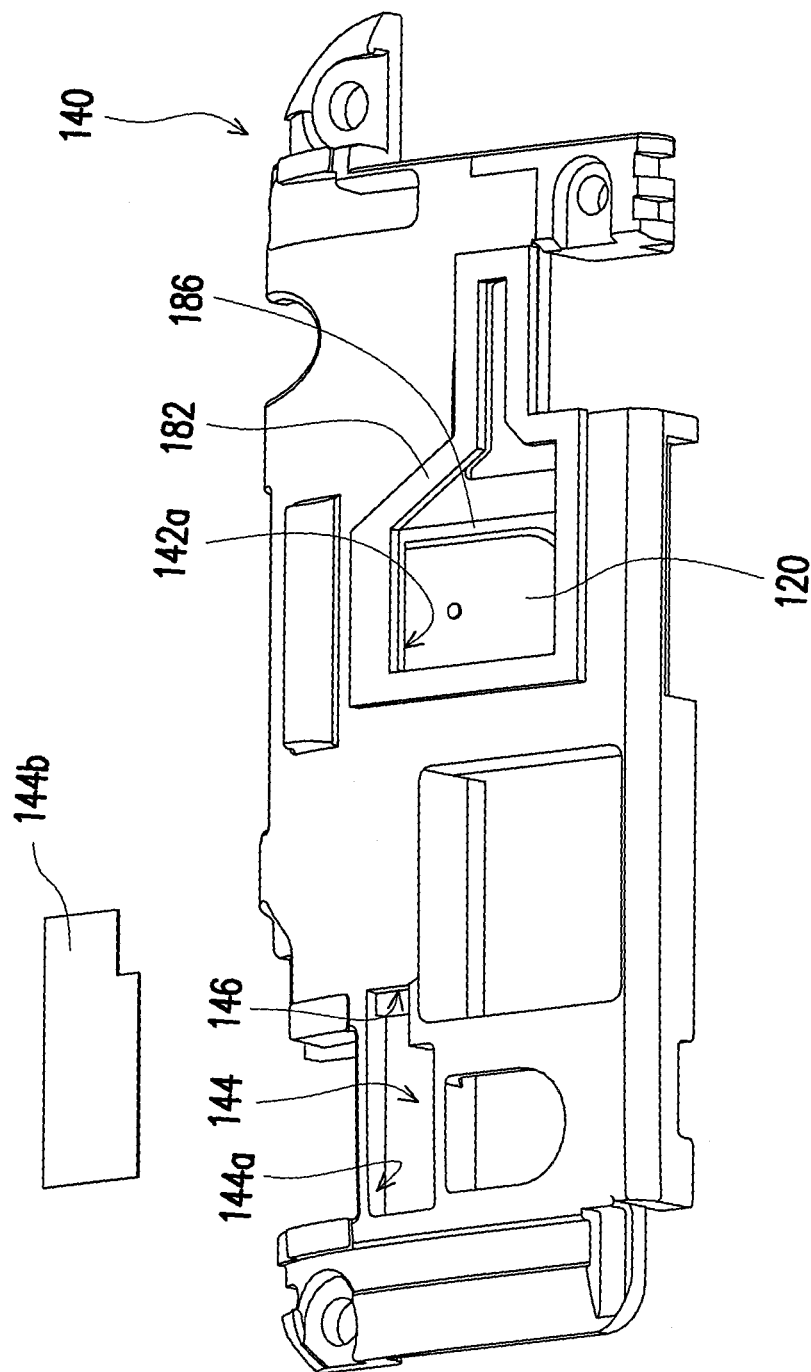


FIG. 2

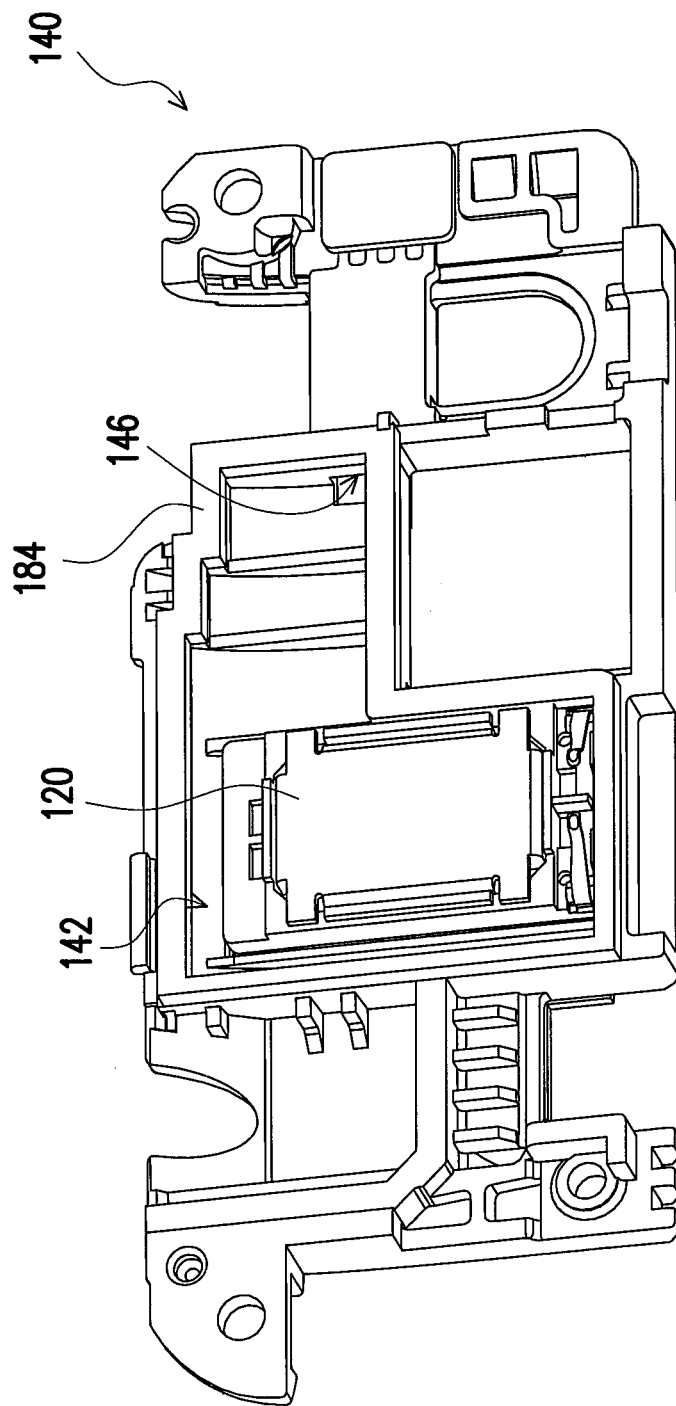


FIG. 3

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PORTABLE ELECTRONIC DEVICE WITH INTERNAL SPEAKER

BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE

1. Field of the Disclosure

The disclosure generally relates to an electronic device. More particularly, the disclosure relates to a portable electronic device.

2. Description of Related Art

In the modern information era, people are becoming more and more dependent on portable electronic device such as mobile phones, laptop, tablet PC and handheld game consoles that are commonly seen in people's daily lives. Take mobile phones for example, various manufacturers devote research effort to minimizing weight and dimensions of mobile phones so as to provide users with portability.

However, reducing the dimensions of an existing mobile phone involves a close matching of all the elements within the mobile phone including the location and size of a sound box for housing an acoustic chamber. In fact, quality of sound emitted from the phone largely depends on the size of the sound box. In general, a larger sound box can obtain a better sound quality. Nevertheless, when the mobile phone is reduced in size, the sound box within the phone must be reduced correspondingly. As a result, the low frequency response of the speaker will deteriorate. Hence, how to utilize limited space to maximize sound quality is an important topic for manufacturers of portable electronic devices nowadays.

SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE

Accordingly, the disclosure is directed to a portable electronic device which improves the sound quality without increasing the size of the portable electronic device.

The disclosure provides a portable electronic device including a circuit board, a speaker, an electronic component and an inner casing. The speaker is disposed on the circuit board. The electronic component is disposed on the circuit board and right next to the speaker. The circuit board is disposed in the inner casing, and the inner casing includes a main cavity, an extended cavity and a channel. The main cavity is connected to the circuit board to define an acoustic chamber for containing the speaker. The main cavity has a first opening, wherein the speaker is connected to the first opening and a part of the speaker is exposed by the first opening. The extended cavity is connected to the main cavity and located above the electronic component. The extended cavity has a second opening facing opposite to the circuit board and a chamber cover sealing the second opening. The chamber cover and the extended cavity define an extended chamber. The channel connects the main cavity and the extended cavity, and the extended cavity communicates with the main cavity through the channel.

Based on the above, the disclosure utilizes the spare space above the electronic component next to the speaker to form an extended cavity as the extended chamber for the speaker, wherein the extended cavity communicates with the main cavity containing the speaker through a channel. Thus, the total volume of the chambers for the speaker can be increased so as to improve the sound quality of the speaker of the portable electronic device. Also, with the disposition of the sound proof components, the sound generated by the speaker can be transmitted between the acoustic chamber and the extended chamber without sound leakage, thus sound quality

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is further promoted. Therefore, the disclosure maximizes the sound quality of the portable electronic device without increasing the size thereof.

In order to make the aforementioned features and advantages of the disclosure more comprehensible, embodiments accompanying figures are described in detail below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings are included to provide a further understanding of the disclosure, and are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification. The drawings illustrate embodiments of the disclosure and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the disclosure.

FIG. 1 illustrates a local cross-sectional view of a portable electronic device according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

FIG. 2 illustrates the top perspective view of the inner casing of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 illustrates the bottom perspective view of the inner casing of FIG. 1.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

Reference will now be made in detail to the present preferred embodiments of the disclosure, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Wherever possible, the same reference numbers are used in the drawings and the description to refer to the same or like parts.

FIG. 1 illustrates a local cross-sectional view of a portable electronic device according to an embodiment of the disclosure. FIG. 2 illustrates the top perspective view of the inner casing of FIG. 1. FIG. 3 illustrates the bottom perspective view of the inner casing of FIG. 1. Referring to FIG. 1 to FIG. 3, the portable electronic device 100 of the present embodiment includes a circuit board 110, a speaker 120, an electronic component 130 and an inner casing 140. In the present embodiment, the portable electronic device 100 is, for example, but not limited to, a mobile phone, and those of ordinary skills in the art can apply the disclosure to other portable electronic devices such as laptop, tablet PC, etc. depending upon the actual requirements. The speaker 120 is disposed on the circuit board 110. The circuit board 110 is disposed in the inner casing 140, and the inner casing 140 includes a main cavity 142, an extended cavity 144 and a channel 146. In the present embodiment, the inner casing 140 is a molding injection element, in other words, the inner casing 140 is made by molding injection technique, and can be integrally formed. The main cavity 142 has a first opening 142a, wherein the speaker 120 is connected to the first opening 142a and a part of the speaker 120 is exposed by the first opening 142a. The electronic component 130 is disposed on the circuit board 110 and located right next to the speaker 120. The extended cavity 144 has a second opening 144a facing opposite to the circuit board 110, and a chamber cover 144b sealing the second opening 144a. In the present embodiment, the material of the chamber cover 144b is, for example, a polyester film (a trade name: MYLAR®) and the chamber cover 144b is adhere to the extended cavity 144 to seal the second opening 144a. The disclosure does not limit the material of the chamber cover 144b and how the chamber cover 144b attach to the extended cavity 144 to seal the second opening 144a.

The main cavity 142 is connected to the circuit board 110 to define an acoustic chamber 150, as shown in FIG. 2, for containing the speaker 120. The chamber cover 144b and the

extended cavity **144** together define an extended chamber **160**. The extended cavity **144** is connected to the main cavity **142** and located above the electronic component **130**. The channel **146** connects the main cavity **142** and the extended cavity **144**, and the extended cavity **144** communicates with the main cavity **142** through the channel **146**. In the present embodiment, the portable electronic device **100** further includes an outer casing **170**, as shown in FIG. 2, covering the inner casing **140**. The outer casing **170** has a sound hole **172** corresponding to the first opening **142a** as shown in FIG. 2. The main cavity **142** and the extended cavity **144** are located between the outer casing **170** and the circuit board **110**, and the extended cavity **144** is located between the outer casing **170** and the electronic component **130**.

With the layout proposed above, the present embodiment of the disclosure utilizes the spare space above the electronic component **130** next to the speaker **120** as an extended cavity **144**, such that the total volume of the chamber for the speaker **120** can be increased by connecting the main cavity **142** to the extended cavity **144** through the channel **146**, so as to improve the sound quality of the speaker **120** without taking up any extra space of the portable electronic device **100** which means the size of the chamber for the speaker **120** can be expanded without increasing the size of the portable electronic device **100**.

In the present embodiment, the portable electronic device **100** further includes a plurality of sound proof components **182**, **184** and **186**. The material of the sound proof components **182**, **184** and **186** includes sponge, but the disclosure is not limited thereto. The sound proof component **182** is disposed between the inner casing **140** and the outer casing **170**. To be more specific, the sound proof component **182** surrounds the edge of the first opening **142a** and the edge of the second opening **144a** and leaning between the inner casing **140** and the outer casing **170** as shown in FIG. 1 and FIG. 2. The sound proof component **184** leans between the main cavity **142** and the circuit board **110** as shown in FIG. 2 and FIG. 3. The sound proof component **186** leans between the speaker **120** and the edge of the first opening **142a** of the main cavity **142** as shown in FIG. 1 and FIG. 2. With the disposition of the sound proof components **182**, **184** and **186**, the sound leakage of the acoustic chamber **150** and the extended chamber **160** can be avoided such that the sound quality of the portable electronic device **100** can be further improved.

According to the above descriptions, the disclosure utilizes the spare space above the electronic component next to the speaker to form an extended cavity as the extended chamber for the speaker, wherein the extended cavity communicates with the main cavity containing the speaker through a channel. Thus, the total volume of the chamber for the speaker can be increased so as to improve the sound quality of the speaker of the portable electronic device. Also, with the disposition of the sound proof components, the sound generated by the speaker can be transmitted between the acoustic chamber and the extended chamber without sound leakage thus sound quality is further promoted. Therefore, the disclosure can maximize the sound quality without increasing the size of the portable electronic device.

It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made to the structure of the disclosure without departing from the scope or spirit of the disclosure. In view of the foregoing, it is intended that the disclosure cover modifications and variations of this invention provided they fall within the scope of the following claims and their equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. A portable electronic device, comprising:

an outer casing;

a circuit board, disposed in the outer casing;

a speaker, disposed on the circuit board and in the outer casing;

an electronic component, disposed on the circuit board and right next to the speaker; and

an inner casing, disposed in the outer casing, having a first side facing toward the circuit board and a second side facing away from the circuit board, wherein the first side and the second side are two opposite sides of the inner casing, the circuit board disposed in the inner casing, and the inner casing comprising:

a main cavity, formed between the first side and the circuit board, defining an acoustic chamber with the speaker, the speaker disposed on the circuit board in the main cavity, the inner casing having a first opening coupled to the main cavity, wherein the speaker is coupled to the first opening and a part of the speaker is exposed by the first opening;

an extended cavity, formed by the second side, located above the electronic component, the inner casing having a second opening coupled to the extended cavity and a chamber cover disposed between the second side of the inner casing and the outer casing, sealing the second opening, the chamber cover and the second side forming the extended cavity define an extended chamber located above the electronic component, wherein the first opening communicates with an opening in the outer casing, and the chamber cover does not communicate with an opening in the outer casing; and

a channel, connecting the acoustic chamber and the extended chamber, the acoustic chamber, the extended chamber and the channel forming a sound box for the speaker.

2. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the outer casing having a sound hole corresponding to the first opening.

3. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the main cavity and the extended cavity are located between the outer casing and the circuit board.

4. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the extended cavity is located between the outer casing and the electronic component.

5. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 2 further comprising:

a sound proof component, disposed between the inner casing and the outer casing.

6. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 5, wherein the sound proof component surrounds the edge of the first opening and the edge of the second opening and leaning between the inner casing and the outer casing.

7. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 5, wherein the sound proof component includes sponge.

8. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 1 further comprising:

a sound proof component, leaning between the main cavity and the circuit board.

9. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the sound proof component includes sponge.

10. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 1 further comprising:

a sound proof component, leaning between the speaker and the edge of the first opening of the main cavity.

11. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim 10, wherein the sound proof component includes sponge.

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12. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim **1**, wherein the material of the chamber cover includes a polyester film, sold under the trademark MYLAR®.

13. The portable electronic device as claimed in claim **1**, wherein the inner casing is a molding injection element. 5

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